

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 215.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1882.

FIVE DOLLARS
PER QUARTER.

For Sale.

LANE CRAWFORD & CO.

HAVE received their supply of Autumn and Winter HOSIERY and OUTFITTING GOODS, all of this Season's London Patterns.

COMPRISING—

SINGLETS AND DRAWERS IN ALL TEXTURES.

TIES AND SCARFS, IN THE MOST FASHIONABLE SHAPES AND COLOURS.

SHIRTS AND COLLARS OF FRENCH AND IRISH CAMBRIC.

BRACES, IN COTTON, SILK, LEATHER AND BERLIN.

ATHLETIC AND CRICKETING BELTS AND CAPS.

STRIPED ROWING JERSEYS AND SWEATERS.

CANVAS SHOES.

FLANNEL AND SILK SHIRTS FOR TENNIS.

CHRISTY'S HATS, IN NEWEST SHAPES AND SHADES.

&c., &c., &c.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, 25th September, 1882.

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Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE following VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY will be Sold by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY,

the 11th day of October, 1882, at THREE P.M.,

on the Promises—

ALL that PIECE of PARCEL of GROUND, Registered in the Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 626, abutting on the North side on First Street and measuring thereon 524 feet, on the South side thereof on Second Street and measuring thereon 524 feet, on the East side on a close, and measuring thereon 105 feet and on the West side on a Public Road and measuring thereon 105 feet, and which contains in the whole 5,512 square feet; Held for the residue of a term of 999 years commencing the 26th December, 1860. Yearly Crown Rent \$72.88.

Also,

ALL that PIECE of PARCEL of GROUND abutting on the North side on First Street and measuring 524 feet, on the South side on Second Street and measuring thereon 524 feet, on the East side on a close, and measuring thereon 105 feet and on the West side on a Public Road and measuring thereon 105 feet, and which contains in the whole 5,512 square feet, and is Registered in the Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 625. Held for the residue of a term of 999 years commencing the 26th December, 1860. Yearly Crown Rent \$72.88.

Together with the HOUSES erected on the said

Two Pieces of Ground known as Nos. 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, and 100, in First Street, and Nos. 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, and 85, in Second Street.

The above HOUSES will be Sold in 12 Lots, as per Plan in the Office of the Auctioneer.

For Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

SHARP, TOLLER, & JOHNSON,
Solicitors for the Vendor.

or to

J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 26th September, 1882.

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GENERAL NOTICE.

Insurances.

YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up).....Tls. 420,000.00
PERMANENT RESERVE.....Tls. 230,000.00
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.....Tls. 290,553.95

TOTAL CAPITAL and ACCUMULATIONS, 8th May, 1882.....Tls. 940,553.95

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.

Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

LONDON BRANCH.

Messrs. BARING BROTHERS & Co., Bankers.

RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent, 68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.

ALL POLICIES granted on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World.

Subject to a charge of 12 per cent. for Interest on Shareholder's Capital, all the PROFITS of the UNDERWRITING BUSINESS are annually distributed among all Contributors of Business (whether Shareholders or not) in proportion to the Premium paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 13th May, 1882.

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GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON-TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED).

CAPITAL TAELS 600,000, EQUAL \$833,333.33-
RESERVE FUND.....\$70,852.27.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEE SING, Esq., LEE YAT LAU, Esq.

LO YEOO MOON, Esq., CHI CHIK NUNG, Esq.

MANAGER.—HO AMEI.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8th & 9th, PRAYA WEST.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1882.

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THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL £2,000,000 : PAID-UP £200,000
PAID UP RESERVE FUND.....£50,000.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1882.

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THE SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000 (One Million Sterling).

UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT FIRE and MARINE RISKS at Current Rates, allowing usual discounts.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1882.

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THE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS.

ARNHOLD-KARBERG & CO.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1882.

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NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.)

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on Goods, &c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world under any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN

Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,

No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1882.

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Solicitors for the Vendor.

or to

J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 26th September, 1882.

[648]

Intimations.

NOVELTY STORE.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT OFFERS FOR SALE,

AT REDUCED PRICES,

A COMPLETE VARIETY

of

STATIONERY,

BOOKS, MUSIC, AND

FANCY ARTICLES,

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS.

PERFUMERY,

CIGARS, CIGARETTES AND TOBACCO.

ALSO

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THE

LATEST STYLES

of

AMERICAN CLOCKS,

WALTHAM KEYLESS WATCHES

and

NOVELTIES IN VARIOUS KINDS OF GOODS,

too numerous to mention.

AN INSPECTION IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

S. MEYERS,

Manager.

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Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882.

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GENERAL NOTICE.

J. ULLMANN & CO.

42, QUEEN'S ROAD.

HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES AND CHRONOGRAPHS, CLOCKS OF ALL KINDS,

BAROMETERS, THERMOMETERS, ANEROIDS, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c.

BY THE BEST MAKERS, AND AT LOW PRICES.

GENTLEMEN'S PARISIAN MADE SHIRTS, SCARVES, AND COLLARS

IN THE NEWEST STYLES.

FRENCH BOOTS AND SHOES

OF BEST QUALITY.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES, CIGAR CASES AND HOLDERS,

ALBUMS, INKSTANDS, POCKET-HOOKS:

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF STATIONERY.

CROCKERY WARE, TEA AND COFFEE SETS,

RIFLES, FOWLING PIECES, AND REVOLVERS.

A CHOICE SELECTION OF PINAUD'S BEST PERFUMERY.

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882.

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ROSE & CO.

Intimations.

GARDEN SEEDS.

SEASON 1882-3.

A. S. WATSON & CO.
HAVE LATELY RECEIVED
AND
OPENED
OUT
THEIR NEW SEASONS
SUPPLY OF
VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS.
CATALOGUES SUPPLIED ON APPLICATION.

VEGETABLE PARCEL OF 50 PACKETS,
PRICE \$7.50.
FLOWER PARCEL, PRICE \$10.00.
FLOWER PARCEL HALF SIZE, PRICE \$5.00.

SINGLE PACKETS AT PRICES
AS PER LIST.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
HONGKONG. [43]

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, *Hongkong Telegraph*" and not to the "Editor."

Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writers, not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

Whilst the columns of the *Hongkong Telegraph* will always be open, for the fair discussion by correspondents of all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers are requested to forward all notices intended for insertion in that day's issue not later than THREE O'CLOCK so as not to retard the early publication of the paper.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Arrangements have been made to publish the *Hongkong Telegraph* daily at 4 P.M. Subscribers in the central districts who do not receive their copies before FIVE O'CLOCK will oblige at once communicating with the Manager.

MARRIAGE.

At the Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, on Wednesday, the 27th September, by the Rev. W. L. Groves, B.A., JOHN GEORGE, eldest son of the late George Thirlwall, of Worley, Sheffield, Yorkshire, to ELLEN (Elie) MARSELA, second daughter of the late James Colgan, of Shanghai, formerly of Bootle near Liverpool.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1882.

The Hongkong racing season of 1882-1883 may be said to have been inaugurated by the arrival from Shanghai, per steamship *Ningpo*, yesterday afternoon of the first instalment of the subscription griffins. These latest additions to the equine celebrities of the Hongkong turf, numbering six in all, were drawn for at Mr. KENNEDY'S Horse Repository at noon to-day, in the presence of a fair sprinkling of sportsmen, amongst whom we noticed several pillars of the local turf. A North China pony in all the glory of a shaggy coat, which would do no discredit to an ordinary poodle dog, is not a lovely animal to look upon, and it must be confessed that it requires a sharp and experienced eye to pick out "a gem of purest ray serene" from a mob of hairy footed animals, whose shapes and general appearance certainly give no indication of the fine speed and grand staying power, which are such remarkable characteristics of the ungainly Mongolian racers. And this being so, it is just possible that appearances will be deceptive, so far as the first batch of our new season's subscription griffins are concerned; and one of these half dozen rough looking customers may turn out winner of the Derby, Vasey Stakes, and many other valuable events. But we have excellent reasons for considering this a most remote contingency. To speak plainly, a cursory inspection of the griffins gave us anything but a favorable opinion of their probable racing abilities. In our judgment they are, taken as a whole, about as poor specimens of racing ponies as we ever looked upon. Neither in size, contour, or general appearance do they approach the griffins of last year; but then, as we have already said, appearances are proverbially misleading; and it may be, that reversing the usual order of things, the worst looking specimens have been sent first.

The best looking pony of the six, a grey with dark legs, is a fairly promising animal, possessing a good deal of power in the right places, which, combined with racing shapes, ought to develop racing ability. He fell to the lot of Mr. STIELER, a gentleman who promises

to become a useful acquisition to the list of local owners, as besides being fond of the sport, he is a pretty good horseman, and has we believe, already had some experience in the pigskin in Japan. In addition to the grey, Mr. STIELER was fortunate enough, or unfortunate, as events may prove, in becoming the possessor of a rather undersized white, which appears to have a slight defect in his near fore leg, and is in very poor condition. Mr. SUNNY B. LEWIS, another debutant, who promises to take a prominent position in our racing circles, and who is also said to be a useful recruit to the ranks of our local jockeys, drew a rather powerful white, well ribbed up, with short back and powerful quarters, but sadly deficient in length; and a spotted one, which will probably turn out the better of the pair. Mr. COXON, who has hitherto been singularly unfortunate with his subscription griffins, was credited with a skewbald, which we think will clip out into a good looking pony, whatever may be his racing powers. A lengthy speedy looking bay, fairly shaped, and standing level as a die on a set of splendid limbs, will carry Mr. KERFOOT's striped jacket, and if this animal had only a little more power in his quarters we should feel inclined to mark him dangerous. Even as matters stand Mr. KERFOOT has little room for complaint.

As the ponies will arrive by every available steamer, we may expect to see the whole of the subscription griffins in Hongkong by the middle of the month, which ought to give trainers ample time to have their lots physicked and put in racing trim, to be able to present an appearance at Wong-nei-chong when the racecourse is formally opened on November 1st.

We have more than once, observes the *Daily News*, referred to the unfortunate difficulties which have arisen between the French political agents in Madagascar and the Hova authorities. The curious thing about these squabbles is that, although the French Government has more than once disclaimed any responsibility for the acts of its representatives, and has at the same time made the most reassuring declarations as to its intentions, the French Consuls still persist in carrying out a policy of interference and even aggression. The consequence is that the Malagasy Government is kept in a perpetual state of alarm, and is unable to rid itself of the impression that the French intend to make war upon the country and to destroy its independence. Some time ago we called attention to the land dispute which has been going on for several years past in the capital between the native authorities and the Jesuits. It is said that a title has been forged in order to show that the land in question belongs to the French; and that, at any rate, the transaction is of a most dubious character is shown by the fact that although the so-called agreement purports to have been made by King RADAMA II., yet it bears a date long subsequent to that monarch's death. The refusal of the Hova authorities to recognise the validity of this document is now, it appears, actually described in Paris as "a prohibition of the sale of land to French colonists." Equally extraordinary have been the proceedings of the French officials on the west coast of the island. They have absolutely declined to admit that the Queen possesses any sovereign rights in that part of the country; and, indeed, when she proposed to send some soldiers there to preserve order, they warned her that if she did so they would regard it as equivalent to a declaration of war against France. Nevertheless when, about two years ago, an Arab dhow, illegally laden with guns and gunpowder, was seized by the natives of the west coast, and some loss of life ensued, the representatives of France at once made the Government responsible for what had happened, and the Malagasy were only too glad to settle the matter by paying a sum of two thousand pounds as compensation. It would, we think, be desirable for the French Government to institute an independent inquiry into the causes of the disputes which have so long kept the island in a ferment, to the great injury of the best interests both of foreigners and of natives, including especially those of the French themselves, who are manifestly not likely to derive either honour or advantage from the continuance of the existing state of things.

A CRIMINAL trial, illustrating in a curious way the extent to which the traditions and customs of pagan times yet linger in Southern Italy, has, says the *Telegraph*, just brought to a conclusion in the Court of Assize at Naples. The correspondent of a contemporary writes that about a year ago a very pretty girl, named CAROLINA GURGUULLO, one of the belles of Sorrento, was married to a sailor named GIUSEPPE ESPROSIRO. According to the customs of the country the bride-groom is bound on the morning following the marriage to pay a visit to the house of his mother-in-law, and

of this custom the newly-mated GIUSEPPE ESPROSIRO was duly reminded by his relatives and friends. For some reason or another—he may have had a hundred, among which dislike of his mother-in-law may have taken the place of Aaron's rod—this churlish groom declined to comply with the established usage, and a whole fortnight elapsed without his having made the required call. By this time the mother-in-law had become fearfully exasperated; the honour of her family, she asserted, had been outraged, and that honour she called upon her son, for her sake and his own and that of his sister, to avenge. So the son, VINCENZO GURGUULLO, went to his sister's house, and waited for the sailor husband. GIUSEPPE when he came home, offered him a hearty welcome, and bade him stay to dinner; but the vindictive VINCENZO drew a knife, and, throwing himself on his brother-in-law, stabbed him to the heart. Criminal proceedings in Italy are very dilatory, and it is only after the expiration of twelve months that VINCENZO GURGUULLO has been sentenced to hard labor for life, and his mother to three years' "seclusion." Our contemporary's correspondent adds that clerical influence is powerless to suppress the custom the non-observance of which led to this shocking act of assassination. We can well imagine how impotent the priests are to obliterate the usage, seeing that it is one of the oldest in Magna Graecia, and obtained in Greece itself thousands of years ago. "On another day, the apaulia—perhaps the second after the marriage—the bridegroom left his wife to live apart at his father's-in-law, and the bride invested him with a garment called the apaulisteria." This matrimonial custom has been so far modified as to make the mother-in-law the titular recipient of the bridegroom's visit; but there can be no doubt that the observance for disobeying which GIUSEPPE ESPROSIRO lost his life is the antique Greek custom translated into "choice Italian."

TELEGRAMS.

AFFAIRS IN EGYPT.

LONDON, September 30th.

A review of British troops held in Cairo was a great success; the Indian troops will leave Egypt immediately.

The *Times* in a leading article announces that it has been decided to retain 12,000 British troops in Egypt.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Company's new steamer *Honam* will undock at Kowloon to-day.

By a notice in the *Gazette* we observe that Kung-how (including Hoi-how) has been again declared a cholera infested port.

AN Emergency Lodge of Victoria, No. 1026 will be held at Freemason's Hall, Zetland Street, to-night, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely.

A REGULAR LODGE of Zetland, No. 525 will be held at Freemason's Hall, Zetland Street, on the 3rd instant, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely.

We would remind those whom it may concern that the Cricket Ground will be open on and after to-day for practice at the "mainly game," and for lawn tennis operations.

The *Nagasaki Express* of the 23rd ult., regrets to hear, through private sources, that the buildings of our Yokohama contemporary, the *Japan Mail*, were completely gutted by fire on the preceding Monday, and that no issue of the paper has since been possible.

The following notification signed by the Acting Colonial Secretary appears in Saturday's *Government Gazette*—It having been brought to the notice of the Government that much disorder is caused by fires by unauthorized persons carrying swords or other deadly weapons, it is hereby notified that the police have received orders to disarm all such persons and charge them with breach of Ordinance 14 of 1870, Section 18.

Our attention has been directed to a nuisance, which is said to occur every evening at High Street, West Point, and which demands the attention of the authorities. A herd of goats and cows is permitted to congregate in the street, blocking up and rendering the thoroughfare quite impassable, much to the discomfort and inconvenience of the residents in the neighbourhood. The police should look to this.

We understand that the Steamboat Company's new boat, *Honam*, will run a trial trip one day during the present week, preparatory to taking her place on the Hongkong—Canton route on Monday next. Nothing has been decided yet, so far as we can learn, but a trip over to Macao in the new steamer on Sunday next would be a capital idea. The advent of such a steamer as the *Honam*, in surely worthy of some kind of celebration, and it would be showing the shareholders of the Company a graceful courtesy, which would we are assured, be highly appreciated, if the Directors invited them to participate in a trip to the Holy City in "the floating palace." We have no doubt that the Directors would like to be in a position to invite the entire community to take part in this trial trip; but we presume that, even in this commodious vessel, the difficulties of providing accommodation for the general public, would prove insuperable. However, we have no doubt that the Directors will make satisfactory arrangements in due course. Captain T. Benning, the senior commander in the Company's fleet, will take charge of the *Honam*.

A CRIMINAL trial, illustrating in a curious way the extent to which the traditions and customs of pagan times yet linger in Southern Italy, has, says the *Telegraph*, just brought to a conclusion in the Court of Assize at Naples. The correspondent of a contemporary writes that about a year ago a very pretty girl, named CAROLINA GURGUULLO, one of the belles of Sorrento, was married to a sailor named GIUSEPPE ESPROSIRO. According to the customs of the country the bride-groom is bound on the morning following the marriage to pay a visit to the house of his mother-in-law, and

TSANG ALING, a vehicle driver, was up before Captain Thomsett this morning on a charge of murder. Inspector Thompson gave some preliminary evidence and the case was remanded till the 14th inst. An inquest on the body of the deceased man will be held this afternoon.

SAYS the *Rising Sun* and *Nagasaki Express* of September 23rd:—H. M. S. *Daring* arrived from Korea on Saturday last, under orders to winter here. She went out for gun practice on Thursday, returning the same evening. The *Zephyr* also left early on Thursday, bound to Chefoo. The *Flying Fish*, we hear, leaves again in about a fortnight, bound to Korea. The *Iron Duke*, we believe, is expected next month, to go into Dock.

LI LAM, a licensed hawker, remanded from last Thursday on a charge of assaulting Chan Shing, a cook, was again up before Mr. Wodehouse this morning. It would appear that the cook, negotiating a vegetable transaction, with the hawker, was being treated to a little bit of hawky panky in the short weight line of business. The cook not relishing this sort of thing transferred his custom to another hawker, when Li Lam went for him, hitting him on the head with an iron weight and kicking him on the chest. The cook tried to defend himself but the hawker was the stronger warrior and had the best of the battle. His Worship imposed a fine of \$2 with the option of 7 day's hard labor.

At a meeting of some coloured Methodists in Kentucky it was decided to make a collection. The president passed the hat himself, and, to encourage the others, he put in a ten-cent-piece.

After the collection, during which every hand had been in the hat, the president approached the table and turned the hat upside down, and even his own contribution dropped out. He opened his eyes with astonishment, and exclaimed, "Fo' goodness, but I've even lost the ten cents I started wid." Then there was consternation on the faces of the assembly. Who was the lucky man? That was the question. He could not blush or turn pale, for all were as black as night. It was evidently a hopeless case, and was summed up by one brother, who rose in his place and said solemnly, "Dar' pears to be a great moral lesson roun' heah somehow."

CHUN AKUM, a ricksha coolie, for being in possession of two jackets which he said another man had given to him, which, however, were found to have been stolen from a washerman on Saturday last, was sent to three months' hard labour by Captain Thomsett for stealing the jackets, Chun Akum being unable to produce the man who had handed the toggerie into his charge. It should be mentioned that Chun Akum was treated to a month's hard labor in August last for stealing a jacket and pair of pants, so it would appear that his yarn about some other man having given him the two jackets for which he is now in trouble, is all "bunkum." Three months in Hayward's establishment may do something towards keeping Chun Akum's evil eye and fingers from other people's clothes when he again has his freedom.

ON Saturday, in our leading columns, says the *Shanghai Courier* of the 25th inst., we pointed out that an official investigation into the administration of affairs by Tso Tsung-tang, as Viceroy of the Liang-Kiang, had been held at Nanking, and that, by Imperial decree, some officials had been degraded and dismissed, while others, including Tso Tsung-tang himself, have been reburdened. These changes have an important effect, upon the trade of Shanghai, but the last step taken will have a much greater effect on trade here generally. We hear that a Chinese Deputy Official has been sent to Shanghai by the Provincial Treasurer of Szechow to enquire into the working of the Taotai's Treasury Department, to investigate his accounts, and to transmit all the official money in the Treasury, in cash, to Szechow. It is customary for this to be done every two or three years, and as the Taotai may have to send to Szechow about two millions of dollars, the present tightness in the money market can easily be understood, and native interest is almost certain to be still higher than it is at the present time. Trade is dull enough now, and it is feared that this last move on the part of the officials will make it still worse.

WE have frequently expressed surprise that our local sportsmen have so strangely neglected the capital shooting grounds in the vicinity of Macao. Week after week during the season crowds of shooters, visit Castle Peak and Deep Bay, and other localities in the Canton River, but the very slightest attention is paid to Macao, although the sport there is much superior, and can be enjoyed under many advantages, which are missing at the other places. We speak from experience. A well known local medico, who is famed as being a most enthusiastic knight of the trigger, went over to Macao "prospecting" by the *Kiukiang* on Saturday night. In company with a Portuguese "sport" he started inland for the paddy fields early on Sunday morning, and after a grand day's amusement, returned with over 30 brace of snipe, and one brace of golden plover, which may be considered a very good bag. The Portuguese gentleman was even more successful. In the face of such results, it will be strange if Macao does not receive more attention from Hongkong sportsmen in the future than it has done in the past. To be able to enjoy shooting in comparative comfort is a luxury seldom to be attained in this part of China.

THE *Nagasaki Express* of the 23rd ult., regrets to hear, through private sources, that the buildings of our Yokohama contemporary, the *Japan Mail*, were completely gutted by fire on the preceding Monday, and that no issue of the paper has since been possible.

THE following notification signed by the Acting Colonial Secretary appears in Saturday's *Government Gazette*—It having been brought to the notice of the Government that much disorder is caused by fires by unauthorized persons carrying swords or other deadly weapons, it is hereby notified that the police have received orders to disarm all such persons and charge them with breach of Ordinance 14 of 1870, Section 18.

CHRISTIAN HANSEN, John Williams, James Lamson, Thomas Pocock, Peter Veborg, John Haydon, and Auxilian Olson, seamen of the steamship *Madras* were charged at the instance of William Henry Bradley, master of the *Madras*, with being drunk and disorderly on the ship on September 30th. The 3rd, 6th and 7th, defendants were also charged with threatening to take the complainant's life. Mr. Wotton appeared for the master of the *Madras*. From the evidence given by the captain of the *Madras* (no other witnesses were called) the men would appear to have "gone wrong" on samshu, and created a bit of disturbance, not at all sufficient, to our way of thinking, to have created such an amount of fuss or cause such a serious charge to be booked against the three defendants particularized above. A veritable mountain has been made out of the smallest mole heap. The inevitable revolver was brought from the skipper's cabin by that gallant officer, when the row was on, and pointed at Olsen's shoulder, which had the effect of stopping him in his wild career. This prompt and gallant act on the skipper's part, completely settled the hash of the seven furious members, and they were given in charge of the police. The defendants admitted being drunk. The captain said he had no wish to press the charge harshly against any of the defendants, gave the would-be life taker an excellent character, and said he had no objection to his going again on board the *Madras*. The farce was brought to a happy termination for all concerned by Olsen being fined \$5 and the others \$1 each. Thus ended a tempest in a "teacup" in which seven blood thirsty sailors, an amate skipper and a rusty revolver were the principal actors.

CORRESPONDENCE.

(We do not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by Correspondents in this column.)

To the EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

SIR.—The other morning after having a good look at the comet, I thought that I should like to go down to the bath for a "dip." Very much to my disgust on my arrival there, I observed that the sewer of the Artillery Barracks was open. This stench being something intolerable, I think that the person whose duty it is to supervise this, would greatly oblige the early bathers, if he would either open the sewer before it past 4 or after half past 7— and thereby allow them at least to have a clean swim.

Yours, &c.,

DOLPHIN.

Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882.

To clean undressed kids use a bath-tub and yellow soap.

An asethic, who is described best by leaving the bath off.

MACAO.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

MACAO, 1st October, 1882.

A peculiar fact connected with the false rumours about the status of the Chartered Mercantile Bank occurred here yesterday. The public treasury, reckoning undoubtedly on the probability of those rumours being founded, paid out yesterday a large quantity of Chartered Bank's notes as salaries to the soldiers and officers of the army and navy, as well as to most government employes. When the recipients of these notes became aware of the shabby policy of such a measure, they were soon getting rid of them for cash, or notes of other Banks. Mine host, Hing-Kee, who understands English and can read the *Telegraph* and the *Daily Press* was not backward in taking in the Chartered Bank's paper in exchange for bullion or in payment for hotel accommodation.

The *Kiukiang* brought a fair number of passengers, most of whom could not find accommodation on shore. The celebration of the Rosary is going on with wonted pomp. The weather is favorable to the evening procession. There was an extraordinary rush of fortune seekers at "Fan" last night. May the gods be propitious to our Holy City!

did their 14m. in 3:45. Amongst the other ponies out, we noticed the skewbald of Mr. Kerfoot's, going for a quiet canter for a mile. Pillager was trotting and seems to be coming round again. Animal went like a bird, Red Robin was out early trotting and finished up with a half mile canter, going like a cork. Mr. Mat. Dawson was once again in the pigskin and had a canter on Hanabusa, when they and the Korean Government had refused to accept Hanabusa's terms; the terms concluded at Gensan with the Korean Envoy, Ma Kien-tsung and Hanabusa are as much a mystery to him as to the Peking Government; and the allowing the Japanese to keep troops in Korea until the money is paid only H.E. Li and Ma Kien-tsung can tell; this made H.E. Li very angry with Taotai Wei. Therefore the Japanese Ambassador Extraordinary will have a rather unexpected extra task to perform when he gets Peking; he is expected to be here on the 5th October.—*Mercury*.

Owing to the Comet, there was a very early attendance at the Course this morning, but after a time members were tired of discussing this natural phenomenon and turned their attention to mundane pursuits.

For a time, there was quite a lull in the proceedings during the confabulation of the Stevens with reference to the all-absorbing topic whether the course should be opened or not. To the satisfaction of everybody, it was finally decided to open the outside half of the course. This opportunity for galloping was largely availed of, but the going was naturally heavy and slow.

Two 2m. ponies did a min. 50s. for a mile and a quarter; about the best performance of the morning.

Prudence, Plunder, and the grey griffin went for a mile and a half in 3 min. 40s. secs. Prudence apparently coming in easily, the rest nowhere.

Black Thorn, White Thorn, and a grey griffin—one mile and a half—in 3 min. 42 secs. Montezuma for the same distance, 3 min. 41 secs.

Foxhound is improving. Wild Eddy beat Wild Dash. Gil Blas galloped in a way which attracted some attention. Mr. Troy's grey beat Imp for one mile in 2 min. 20 secs., a very good performance.—*Courier*.

CHEFOO.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

September 25th, 1882.
Since my last the English squadron arrived: *Vigilant*, *Swift*, *Iron Duke*, *Albatross*, *Curacao*, *Cleopatra*. Admiral Willes left last night in the *Vigilant* vid Port Arthur for Tientsin.

The German gunboat *Wolf*, with Commodore von Blanken on board, left for Tientsin this morning.

The U.S. gunboat *Monocacy* has received orders to proceed to Nagasaki, but has broken her rudder, and will therefore probably remain here for another fortnight.

The Chinese gunboat *Yang Wei*, arrived from Corea on the 2nd inst.

Although all is quiet in Corea, still I should not be surprised if the Chinese troops remain there for the winter.

The Customs cruiser *Lin-feng* is to leave for Swatow on the 1st October; according to reports from Tientsin, Sir Robert Hart will go in her for an inspecting trip.

The Russian corvette *Plastun* left for Taku yesterday to await there the return of the Russian Admirals from Peking.

A cricket match, Chefoo Cricket Club v. Navy will take place to-morrow; the intended Regatta, however, will not come off this autumn.

A good many of the visitors have already left and within another few weeks the hotels will have empty rooms till next season.

The weather is lovely, the nights are pleasant, and cool, although we had still rather warm days last week.—*Mercury*.

NEWCHWANG.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

September 26th, 1882.

The Roman Catholic Missionary who was so roughly handled in the interior a couple of months in consequence of having accidentally shot a native official, has arrived here and appears to have quite recovered from the effects of the terrible indignities which he had the misfortune to undergo.

Mr. T. J. Ballard, who has been Acting Harbour Master at this port for the past two years, goes to Shanghai on promotion at the end of this month. Mr. Ballard has earned a high reputation for the close attention to official duties, and for the unvarying courtesy and readiness to oblige which he has shown to all (native and foreigner alike) with whom he has had business relations during his tenure of office here. I think it will be only expressing the sentiments of the community to add that the only pleasing feature in connection with his approaching departure is the fact that he leaves on promotion. His successor is Mr. S. Parkill, formerly of Amoy.

We have had several days rain lately, in consequence of which the steamer *Yungching* has had a much longer stay here than usual; she arrived on the 13th and will probably leave to-morrow for Swatow via Chefoo. No other steamer in port. Everything is very quiet here.—*Mercury*.

TIENTSIN.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

September 10th, 1882.

The *Pauhau* leaves to-morrow for Chefoo with the Korean Ambassador Li and staff for Seoul, bearing letters to the King that the money payable to Japan is arranged here with H.E. Li Hung-chang, and for his Majesty to decide what is to be done with his father, the Dai Lin Kun; the other two Ambassadors leave to-morrow for Peking also, to receive His Majesty's decision as to what is to be done in regard to the Dai Lin Kun, who remains here till their Majesties' reply has arrived.

The Dai Lin Kun, who is lodged at the Board of War, demands either to be sent back or be headed and this as speedily as possible, and protests against the manner in which he has been brought here.

September 20th.

The statement in your contemporary of the 14th, copied from the *Rikken Seijo Shimbun* that Ma Kien-tsung invited the Dai Lin Kun to a banquet and that in the midst of the Chinese camp he was arrested, is not according to facts.

The young Queen of Korea, about 22 years of age, dressed in Korean costume but with a different head-dress, has been seen by foreigners here, going to Li Hung-chang's yamen, and again yesterday when on her way to the C.M.S.C. N.C.O.'s reception hall to go with Ambassador Li back to Korea; therefore she was dead and is alive. It is the same with those three Ministers, supposed to have been killed by the Dai Lin Kun; two at least are alive again and leave to-day for Peking. What horrors were committed, according to Chinese and Japanese reports, at Seoul on the 22nd July! Those 23 persons fought their way out of Seoul and had some of their number killed, and yet there were 23 on board the *Sedan*. Why, then, Japan had no need to send an army to Korea, for only a few hundred could have taken Seoul and Korea; the fact is Hanabusa was requested to leave, which he did, but at Jinsen had a slight skirmish with the Koreans, in which 20 of the Japanese were wounded; they were aided by the Governor who procured the boat for them. This is what the Koreans here say.

September 23rd.

The Japan and Korean affair is so far well, but is far from being settled; some of the Koreans have been busy at Peking and in consequence the members of the Taung-tien yamen object to the indemnity of 100,000,000, they have it that Japan only wanted half the sum and ask

for a detailed account from Li Hung-chang. His Excellency asks for it from Ma Taotai; Ma certainly has none to state; consequently at Li's yamen there was a very unpleasant discussion between Taotai Ma and Wu-cheng-ching, who throws all the blame, if they are wrong, on Ma; the latter and Wu Iesi Sepul together on Hanabusa, when they and the Korean Government had refused to accept Hanabusa's terms; the terms concluded at Gensan with the Korean Envoy, Ma Kien-tsung and Hanabusa are as much a mystery to him as to the Peking Government; and the allowing the Japanese to keep troops in Korea until the money is paid only H.E. Li and Ma Kien-tsung can tell; this made H.E. Li very angry with Taotai Wei. Therefore the Japanese Ambassador Extraordinary will have a rather unexpected extra task to perform when he gets Peking; he is expected to be here on the 5th October.—*Mercury*.

To-day's Advertisements.

UNION LINE.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship

"OXFORDSHIRE"

Captain Jones, will be despatched for the above Port, TO-DAY, the 2nd instant, at FOUR P.M. For Freight Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 30th September, 1882. [657]

TO LET.

(WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.)

A L A R G E O F F I C E, OR SUITE OF OFFICES ON THE FIRST FLOOR OF THE PREMISES OCCUPIED BY

KELLY & WALSH.

Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [662]

F. D. GUEDES.

WINE MERCHANT AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT.

No. 33. WELLINGTON STREET.

H AS always on hand a large assortment of CHOICE WINES of the best quality, at Moderate Prices.

Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [663]

C. L. THEVENIN.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS.

HAS FOR SALE.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WHITE AND RED BURGUNDIES AT MODERATE PRICES.

A Capital AMONTILLADO \$8.00 per dozen.

SHERRY at \$1.00 per bottle.

ASSORTED LIQUORS of the best quality.

FRENCH BOOTS and SHOES, PER-

FUMERY, &c., &c.

Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [664]

FOR SALE.

A MERICAN SAFE, Burglar and Fire Proof,

Double Doors, Hall's Patent, Combination Lock.

Apply to

S. B. LEWIS,

Marine House, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [665]

Intimations.

INTERNATIONAL NOVELTY COMPANY.

KOOLANGSOO, AMOY, (CHINA)

IMPORTERS OF EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN NOVELTIES.

EMILE PFANKUCHEN,

Manager.

Amoy, 22nd August, 1882. [527]

G. FALCONER & CO.

WATCH AND CHRONOMETER

MANUFACTURERS

AND JEWELLERS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CHARTS AND BOOKS.

NO. 46, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [434]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND

CLOCK-MAKERS,

JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND

OPTICIANS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

SOLE AGENTS

for Louis Audemars' Watches; awarded the highest Prizes at every Exhibition; and for Voigtlander and Sohn's

CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE

GLASSES, AND SPYGLASSES.

No. 38, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [447]

STAG HOTEL.

QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

GOOD ACCOMMODATION FOR

VISITORS.

ENGLISH & AMERICAN BILLIARDS.

MINIATURES.

TIFFIN at One o'clock, Dinner at 7:00.

Commercial.

THIS DAY.

4 o'clock p.m.

We have to report some very extensive transactions in Banks which have been put through this morning. The stock was firm with buyers at 135 per cent. premium, on Saturday, and as soon as the market opened to-day, it became evident that orders from Shanghai had increased the demand. First at 136, and afterwards at 137 for cash, a large number of shares changed hands; and on time, at 139 for the end of October; and 141 for the end of November, a considerable business was booked. These seem high rates—ridiculously high, to our way of thinking—and we can only attribute the transactions enumerated above, to a bulling movement, of which Shanghai is the head-quarters. The spirit of speculation must be strong in our midst, when the shares of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation—considering all things—are bought and sold at 141 per cent. premium. A few sales of Docks at 53 have been reported, and the supply has not been quite exhausted at the rate. Steamboats are, if anything, rather firmer than has been the case for the past few days; buyers offering 30 per share premium, without inducing holders to sell. Luzon, on the other hand, are again inclined to be weaker, offers to sell at 105 for cash failing to lead to business. Nothing else worth chronicling has come under our notice.

SHARES.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—137 per cent. firm premium, sales. Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$1,600 per share, buyers. China Traders' Insurance Company—\$1,560 per share, sellers. North China Insurance—Tls. 1,225 per share. Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$80 per share. Yangtze Insurance Association—Tls. 850 per share. Chinese Insurance Company—\$250 per share, sellers. On Tsai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150 per share. Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$1030 per share. China Fire Insurance Company—\$3,221 per share. Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—53 per cent. premium, sales and sellers. Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—\$30 per share, premium, buyers. Hongkong Gas Company—\$85 per share. Hongkong Hotel Company—\$107 per share, sellers. Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—par. China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$105 per share, sellers. China Sugar Refining Company (Debentures)—3 per cent. premium. Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$105 per share, sellers. Hongkong Iac Company—\$145 per share, buyers. Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—\$60 per share. Chinese Imperial Loan of 1878—11 per cent. prem. ex. int. Chinese Imperial Loan of 1881—21 per cent. prem.

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON—
Bank Bills, on demand 3/9
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight 3/9
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/9
Credits, at 4 months' sight 3/10
Documentary Bills, at 3 months' 3/10
sight 3/10
ON PARIS—
Bank Bills, on demand 4/3
Credits, at 4 months' sight 4/4
ON BOMBAY—Bank, T.T. 224
ON CALCUTTA—Bank, T.T. 224
ON SHANGHAI—
Bank, sight 728
Private, 30 days' sight 738

OPUM MARKET.—THIS DAY.

NEW MALWA per picul, \$620 (Allowance, Taels 64.)
OLD MALWA per picul, \$680 (Allowance, Taels 30.)
NEW PATNA (first choice) per chest, \$684
NEW PATNA (second) per chest, \$656
NEW PATNA (without choice) per chest \$573
NEW PATNA (bottom) per chest, \$570
NEW PATNA (without choice) per chest \$567
NEW BENARAS (without choice) per chest \$540
NEW BENARAS (bottom) per chest, \$542
PERSIAN per picul, \$410

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

THIS DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

	HONG-KONG.	AMoy.	SHANG-HAI.	MANILA.
BAROMETER,	99.88	99.80	99.78	99.82
TER. RE.	85.0	84.5	86.0	86.0
THERMOM.	85.0	84.5	86.0	86.0
Wind. N. W.	85.0	84.5	86.0	86.0
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